Reading Notes to fill out when reading course and outside reading materials for assignment

Note Taking Sheet: Reading # \_\_2\_\_

Course EN COURSE NAME\_\_\_\_EN202\_\_\_\_\_Section \_\_\_\_\_\_02\_\_\_\_\_

With many sources to read and evaluate, you need a way to keep track of the material you may use in your research paper. You need to record where you have looked, what you have found, and how to find each piece of information again (this is for your bibliography).

Directions:  Fill in the information below, and keep with all of your resources. This will help you when it is time to write both your outline, paper, and annotated bibliography.

1. Author’� s Name: Not stated

2. Author’� s Credentials (Press Release)

3. Publisher [or title of organization]: USCIS

4. Heading of Section [title of reading]: The CNMI-Only Transitional Worker (CW-1) Cap

5.  Year Written: November 22, 2017

6. Pages: no pages

7. Website URL: www.uscis.gov/working-united-states/temporary-workers/cw-1-cnmi-only-transitional-worker/cnmi-only-transitional-worker-cw-1-cap

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Main Ideas/Points** | **Important Quotations** | **Supporting Details** | **Relevance to Your Assignment** |
| * What is cap?

    | * “The “cap” (or numerical limitation) is the limit on the total number of individuals who may be issued CW-1 visas or otherwise provided with CW-1 status during a fiscal year.”
 | * “A fiscal year begins on Oct. 1 and ends on Sept. 30. The U.S. government’s single CW-1 petition may include more than one beneficiary, and the CW-1 cap applies to the total number of beneficiaries, not the number of petitions. All CW-1 workers are subject to the cap unless the worker has already been counted towards the cap in the same fiscal year.”
 | * Tells what cap is for CW visa.

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| **Main Ideas/Points** | **Important Quotations** | **Supporting Details** | **Relevance to Your Assignment** |
| USCIS can only reduce it not increase the cap of the CW visa. And CW visa program will end Dec. 31, 2019.             |  “USCIS may only reduce the CW-1 cap every fiscal year; we cannot raise it. In addition, we are required by statute to reduce the number of CW-1 nonimmigrant workers to zero by the end of the transition period, Dec. 31, 2019” |  Title VII of the Consolidated Natural Resources Act (CNRA) of 2008 gives the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) the authority to manage the CW-1 cap. USCIS is the component within DHS that oversees the CW-1 cap. Among other things, the CNRA requires an annual reduction in the number of individuals who may be issued CW-1 visas or otherwise provided with CW-1 status each fiscal year. | Tells why USCIS decreases the cap and not increase it. |
|              |   |   |   |

In this article, is it possible that any of the authors might have a bias about the subject matter?  No\_\_\_    provide examples if needed.

Is the article timely or a bit outdated ?   No, it was updated November 22, 2017

Was it published in a reputable source? Yes, because it is the government source

It is not an academic source.

Other important information :

* + It shows the year and the number of cap that has been announced.
	+ It tells:
		- How a petition is assigned to a fiscal year
		- Petitions that are subjected to the CW cap
		- When to file CW petitions
		- How to file for I-129CW properly
		- When the cap is reached
		- Determining the final receipt date for the CW cap